# Mid-West University

## **Examinations Management Office**

## Surkhet, Nepal

### **End Semester Examination-2080**

Level: M.Ed. / I Semester

FM: 60

Time: 3.00 hrs

PM: 30

Sub: Advanced English Grammar and its Pedagogy (ENG 513)

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Attempt All the Questions:

Group "B"

 $6 \times 5 = 30$ 

- 1. What is 'imperative sentence'? Discuss its meanings or functions with examples briefly.
- 2. For each sentence with verbal negation, provide an equivalent sentence with nonverbal negation using a negative word.
  - a) He doesn't ever do any work.
  - b) There wasn't anybody I knew at the party.
  - c) She didn't see Ram or Sita.
  - d) I didn't see anything suspicious.
  - e) The people who generally attend these classes didn't come this time.
- 3. Identify the use of it in each sentence as referential or non-referential.
  - a) It was so smoky in that room that my eyes were watering.
  - b) He found a good solid stock and invested all his money in it.
  - c) It is so great to be here with you.
  - d) It's been snowing all day.
  - e) He picked up a flat stone and skipped it across the surface of the water.

#### Or

Identify each underlined word as a nown, a verb, an adjective, an adverb, a preposition, or a possessive determiner.

- a. Their daughter is a junior in college.
- b. Ram put the keys in the drawer.
- c. The tall man spoke.
- d. The man is speaking to the Senate.
- e. The fox jumped over the rabbit quickly.

- 4. Define the term 'phrase' and discuss its various types with examples.
- 5. Explain how grammar is taught inductively with examples.
- 6. What is 'accuracy" in grammar teaching? Discuss the features of practice activities that focus on accuracy.

#### Or

Suppose you are a secondary level English teacher. As a teacher, how do you deal with grammar errors made by your students in your ELT class? Discuss.

### Group "C"

 $2 \times 10 = 20$ 

- 7. Define the term 'grammar' and explain why it is necessary for teachers of English to know it.
- 8. Discuss some major problems of teaching grammar in English language classes.

#### Or

Prepare a sample lesson on teaching 'simple present tense' for secondary level students following communicative approach.

#### THE END

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Roll No:	
Tick (✓) the best answers.  Group 'A'	10 × 1 =10
<ol> <li>In the traditional approach, grammar inc</li> <li>a. morphology</li> <li>b. morphology and syntax</li> <li>c. morphology, syntax, semantics, lexico</li> <li>d. phonology, morphology, syntax and s</li> </ol>	on .
<ul> <li>2. Which one of the followings is not the grammar?</li> <li>a. All languages have a grammar.</li> <li>b. All grammars are not equal.</li> <li>c. Grammars are alike in basic ways.</li> <li>d. Grammars change over time.</li> </ul>	e characteristic feature of
<ol> <li>Which one of the following modal vert obligation'?</li> <li>a. Should</li> </ol>	b. Can
c. Ought to	d. Must
<ul><li>4. 'Is he a policeman?', is an example of</li><li>a. wh-questions</li><li>c. yes/no questions</li></ul>	b. alternative questions d. tag questions
<ol> <li>Who advocated for teaching grammar in a. Cowan (2009)</li> <li>Nunan (1998)</li> </ol>	context? b. Swain (1985) d. Thurnburry (2'\02)
6. Which one of the followings is an ex	ample of a coordinating

b. And

d. While

conjunction?
a. Because

c. Although

- 7. According to Thurnbury (2002), the reason why not to teach grammar is ....
  - a. the 'knowledge-how argument'
  - b. the acquisition argument
  - c. the 'communication argument'
  - d. all of the above
- 8. The source of error identification is...
  - a. L1 interference

b. over-generalization

c. inherent difficulty

- d. all of the above
- 9. Which one of the followings represents an 'accuracy-to-fluency model' of grammar instruction?
  - a. The PPP model

b. The task-based model

c. The alternative model

- d. None of the above
- 10. Teaching grammar through rules is called ...
  - a. the deductive approach
- b. the inductive approach
- c. the rule-discovery path
- d. teaching grammar from texts