Mid-West University

Examinations Management Office

. · Surkhet, Nepal

Chance Examination-2081

Level B.Ed./ VIII Semester

Sub: Planning in ELT (ENG 481)

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Group "A"

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

Tick (\checkmark) the best answers.

- 1. Which of the following is NOT a step in setting specific language goals?
 - a. Using specific goals as motivation
 - b. Ignoring students' true language needs
 - c. Reverse-engineering goals from student performance
 - d. Overcoming distractions in goal setting
- 2. What is the primary purpose of needs analysis in language teaching?
 - a. Evaluating teachers' performance
 - b. Diagnosing learner errors and planning lessons accordingly
 - c. Assigning grades to students
 - d. Measuring textbook effectiveness
- 3. Which of the following best defines a lesson sequence?
 - a. A set of unrelated lesson plans
 - b. A structured progression of lessons building upon each other
 - c. A single lesson plan with detailed activities
 - d. A list of grammar rules for students to memorize
- 4. Why is it important to move from implicit to explicit knowledge in language teaching?
 - a. It helps students learn naturally without rules
 - b. It allows teachers to avoid explaining grammar
 - e. It makes it easier for students to correct their own mistakes
 - d. It focuses only on memorization of language structures
- 5. Which of the following is NOT a principle of corrective feedback?
 - a. Developing a principled approach
 - b. Ignoring student errors

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- e. Reviewing historical approaches to error correction
- d. Encouraging Farner independence

- 6. How is assessment related to goal-driven lesson planning?
 - a. Assessment should be separate from lesson planning
 - b. It helps measure the effectiveness of set language goals
 - c. Only formal tests should be used for assessment
 - d. It is unrelated to student progress
- 7. What is a key feature of effective teacher-to-student interaction?
 - a. Teacher dominates the discussion
 - b. Students ask all the questions
 - c. Balanced communication with meaningful exchanges
 - d. Teacher talks more than students
- 8. Which of the following is an important classroom management tool?
 - a. Only using textbooks
 - b. Ignoring student behavior
 - c. Real-time decision-making during lessons
 - d. Limiting student participation
- 9. Which of the following statements is true about student-to-student interaction?
 - a. It should be minimized in the classroom
 - b. It helps build communicative competence
 - c. Only advanced learners benefit from peer interaction
 - d. It does not contribute to goal-driven learning
- 10. What is the primary role of assessment in ungraded courses or tutoring situations?
 - a. Assigning grades
 - b. Measuring students' progress toward language goals
 - c. Ignoring weak students from the class
 - d. Focusing only on grammar drills

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FM:60 PM:30

Time: 3.00 hrs.

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Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Group "B"

 $6 \times 5 = 30$

Attempt all the questions.

- 1. Explain the rationale behind setting specific language goals with examples.
- 2. Describe the importance of needs analysis in language teaching.
- 3. Discuss the differences between creating lesson plans and lesson sequences.

Or

Explain the role of teacher in goal-driven lesson planning.

- 4. What are the key principles of responding to student errors? Describe.
- 5. Write short notes on:
 - a) The role of assessment in lesson planning
 - b) Teacher-student partnership in error correction
- 6. Suggest strategies for maximizing classroom interaction in a goal-driven classroom.

Or

How can teachers effectively use blackboards and other tools for classroom management?

Group "C"

2×10=:20

- 7. Prepare a sample lesson plan for teaching grammar at Grade 8.
- 8. Critically analyze the role of assessment in a goal-driven English language classroom.

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Discuss how does real-time decision-making help teachers manage the goal-driven classroom effectively?

THE END