Mid-West University

Examinations Management Office

Surkhet, Nepal

End Semester Examination-2081

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Sub: Fundamental of Epiden	niology (HEP 443/344)							
Roll No	10×1 =10							
1. The term epidemiology derived fro	erm epidemiology derived from word.							
a. Latin	b. Greek							
c. French	d. German							
2. Prevalence measured often used to d	etermine the level of							
a. Morbidity	b. Mortality							
c. Prevention	d. Frequency							
3. Which one of the followings is described	riptive study?							
a. Cohort study	b. Case control study							
c. Randomized control trial	d. Case series							
4. Exposure to the agent and the onset	of symptoms is							
a. Recovery period	b. Latent period							
c. Incubation period	d. Healthy period							
5. The epidemiological triad includes a	ll of the following EXCEPT							
a. Host	b. Environment							
c. Agent	d. Pathogens							
6. Immunity developed after infection i	s called							
a. Natural immunity	b. Passive immunity							
c. Active immunity	d. Herd immunity							

- 7. First step of epidemic investigation?

 a. Preparing case definition
 b. mapping the epidemic
 c. Confirmation
 d. searching for the cases

 8. Health education on early diagnosis and treatment is...
 a. primary prevention
 b. secondary prevention
 c. tertiary prevention
 d. primordial prevention
- 9. Sentinel surveillance indicates
 a. Identifying the missing case
 b. Identifying the high-risk group
 c. Identifying the exposure
 - d. Identifying the case and the carrier
- 10. Validity refers to the...

 a. Consistency
 b. Accuracy
 c. Quality
 d. Quantity

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Surkhet, Nepal

End Semester Examination-2081

Level: B.Ed. / IV Semester

FM: 60

Time: 3.00 hrs.

PM: 30

Sub: Fundamental of Epidemiology (HEP 443/344)

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Attempt all the questions.

Group "B"

 $6 \times 5 = 30$

- 1. Discuss the concept and history of epidemiology.
- 2. How do you measure the illness and sickness situation of people?
- 3. What are the sources of data for epidemiological study? Discuss.

Or

What epidemiological study design do you know? Describe its characteristics.

- 4. What do you mean by surveillance? Describe its steps in details.
- 5. What is the validity? Why validity and reliability is important in epidemiological study? Discuss.
- 6. Discuss the concept of infectious diseases epidemiology.

Or

What do you mean by pandemic disease? How do you control pandemic disease in your community?

Group "C"

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

7. Describe the defense mechanism of body against infectious diseases epidemiology.

8. What is descriptive epidemiology? Why descriptive epidemiology is important to study the frequency of diseases.

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What are the measurement tools of epidemiology? Which tool is appropriate to measure the association in epidemiology? Explain.

THE END