## Mid-West University Examinations Management Office

End Semester Examination 2081

Bachelor level/ B. Sc./ 7<sup>th</sup> Semester Time: 3 hours **Subject: Ordinary Differential Equation (MATH473)** 

Full Marks: 100 Pass Marks: 50

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

## Group A [6x(2+2) = 24]

- **1. a.** Define ordinary differential equation with their properties. Also define order and degree of the differential equation.
  - **b.** Verify that the function  $y(t) = e^{-t} + \frac{t}{3}$  is a solution of the differential equation: y'''' + 4y''' + 3y = t.

# 2. a. Solve the differential equation: $y' + \frac{1}{2}y = \frac{1}{2}e^{t/3}$ . Also write the domain of the solution.

- **b.** Find the solution of differential equation: Mdx + Ndy = 0, *if* Mx + Ny = 0
- a. Define Wronskian determinant. Suppose that y₁(x) = e<sup>r₂x</sup> and y₂(x) = e<sup>r₂x</sup> are the solution of the equation Y(x) = c₁y₁(x) + c₂y₂(x) Show that y₁andy₂ are fundamental set of solution if r₁ ≠ r₂.
  - **b.** Define auxiliary equation. Write the nature of solution of homogeneous secondary differential equation
- 4. a. Find the particular solution of  $y'' 2y' + y = xe^x$  by the method of undetermined coefficient.
  - **b.** Define nth order linear differential equation with constant coefficient with an example.
- 5. a. Solve the boundary value problem: y'' + y = 0, y(0) = 0,  $y'(\pi) = 1$ .
  - b. Define Fourier series and Fourier coefficient of function.
- 6. a. Define odd and even function. Is the function cosec2x is even?
  - **b.** Define half range sine series and cosine series.

## Group B [13x4 = 52]

- 7. Define linear differential equation of first order. Solve IVP  $ty' + 2ty = te^{-2t}$ , y(1) = 0.
- 8. Define direction field, equilibrium solution. Consider the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} = -y + 2$ , sketch the direction field and find the equilibrium solution.
- 9. Solve the IVP  $y' = \frac{3x^3 + 4x + 2}{2(y-1)}$ , y(0) = 1 and determine the interval.
- 10. Solve the IVP y' = 2t(1+y), Y(0) = 0 by method of successive approximation.
- 11. Find the solution of y''' y'' + y' y = 0, y'(0) = -1, y''(0) = -2. How does the solution when  $t \to \infty$ ?

12. Solve the second order linear differential equation;

y'' + p(x)y' + q(x)y = g(x) where p, q, and g are continuous functions by the method of variation parameters.

- 13. State and prove the Abel's theorem.
- 14. Using the method of undetermined coefficient ,find the solution of the initial value problem  $:y'' + 4y = t^2 + 3e^{t}$ , y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 2.

#### OR

A body at the temperature of  $50^{\circ}$  F is placed outdoors where the temperature is  $100^{\circ}$  F. If after 5 minute the temperature of body is  $60^{\circ}$  F, find (a) how long it will take the body to reach a temperature of  $75^{\circ}$  F and (b) the temperature of body after 20 second.

- 15. Define linear independent and linear dependent set of solution of higher differential equation. Determine whether the given function are linear independent or dependent:  $y_1(t) = 1$ ,  $y_2(t) = 2 + t$ ,  $y_3(T) = 3 - t^2$ ,  $y_4(t) = 4t + t^2$ .
- 16. Use the method of variation parameter  $y''' 2y'' y' + 2y = e^{4t}$ .
- 17. Define Bernoulli differential equation. Solve the equation:  $t^2y' + 2ty y^3 = 0$ , t > 0.
- 18. Define Fourier Series and periodicity of sine and cosine function. Prove that  $\int_{-L}^{L} \cos \frac{m\pi x}{L} \cos \frac{n\pi x}{L} dx = 0 \text{ if } m \neq n.$
- 19. Show that  $f_1 = x^2$  and  $f_2 = x^3$  are orthogonal function. prove that the sum and product of two even function are even. Also show that if f is even function, then  $\int_{-L}^{L} f(x) dx = 2 \int_{0}^{L} f(x) dx$ .

Prove that  $\int_{-L}^{L} \cos \frac{m\pi x}{L} \cos \frac{n\pi x}{L} dx = \begin{cases} 0, m \neq n \\ L, m = n \end{cases}$ 

### Group C [4x6 = 24]

**20.** The field mouse population satisfied the differential equation:

 $\frac{dp}{dt} = 0.5p - 450$ 

- a. Find the time at which the population becomes extinct if p(0) = 850
- **b.** Find the time of extinction if  $p(0) = p_0$  where  $0 < p_0 < 900$ .
- c. Find the initial population  $p_0$  if the population it to becomes extinct in 1 year.
- 21. State the necessary and sufficient condition of exact differential equation. Find the integrating factor of differentia equation and solve;  $(3xy + y^2) + (x^2 + xy)y' = 0$ .
- 22. Define fundamental solution set of higher order differential equation. Define linearly independent and dependent set of solution. Determine whether the given functions  $y_1(t) = 1, y_2(t) = 2 + t, y_3(t) = 3 - t^2, y_4(t) = 4t + t^2$  are linearly independent or dependent.

Find the particular solution of  $y''' - 4y' = t + 3cost + e^{-2t}$  by method of undetermined coefficient. Using method of variation of parameters solve  $y''' - 2y'' - y' + 2y = e^{4t}$ .

23. a. Find the general solution of  $y^4 - y''' - 7y'' - y' + 6y = 0$ .

**b.** Define homogeneous differential equation of first order. Solve the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{xy - 4x^2}{x^2 - xy}$ 

#### The End