

Mid-West University
Examinations Management Office
Surkhet, Nepal
Final Examinations -2079

Bachelor level/ B.Sc /4th Semester

Time: 3 hrs

Subject : Electromagnetism (PHY341)

Full Marks: 100

Pass Marks: 50

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. The figures in the margin indicate full marks

Group – A

1. Answer in short any **NINE** questions. [9x2 = 18]
- Find the divergence of a radial vector.
 - Discuss about different types of charge density used in electrostatics.
 - Differentiate between conduction current and convection current.
 - State Biot-savart's law and write its vector form.
 - Define transformer with its principle.
 - Define magnetic dipole moment and Magnetization of materials.
 - Define motional E.M.F. and write name of one device in which such types of EMF found?
 - If Potential $V = \frac{10}{r^2} \sin\theta \cos\phi$, find the electric flux density (\vec{D}) at $(2, \pi/2, 0)$.
 - Explain about lossless line and distortion less line.
 - Define reflection and transmission coefficient of electromagnetic waves.
 - Write short note on Smith Chart.

Group – B

2. Answer in brief any **SEVEN** questions. [7x4= 28]
- Define line integral and volume integral. State and prove Stoke's theorem.

- State Gauss's law in electrostatics and use it to find the electric field outside an uniform sphere having charge density ρ .
- Concentric spherical shells $r=0.1m$ and $r=2m$ are maintained at $V=0V$ and $V=100V$ respectively. Assuming free space between shell. Find potential (V), Electric Fields(E) and Displacement Current(D).
- Show that; $\nabla \times \vec{H} = \vec{J} + \frac{\partial \vec{D}}{\partial t}$, where symbol have usual meaning.
- Find the magnetic field due to a circular coil of radius 0.1m and having 200 turns at the center of the coil when circulating current is 500 mA.
- State and prove Amperes circuital law. For which condition this law is useful for determination of magnetic field?
- Define magnetic torque and magnetic moment? Derive the relation between them.
- Show that the general expression for input impedance at any point on transmission line is,
$$Z_{in} = Z_0 \left[\frac{Z_L + Z_0 \tanh \beta l}{Z_0 + Z_L \tanh \beta l} \right]$$
, Where symbol have usual meaning.
- Define eddy current and explain about different energy losses in a transformer.

Group – C

- What do you mean by solenoidal vector field? Give one example and write the meaning of $\nabla \cdot \vec{E} \neq 0$. Also find the value of 'p' so that the vector field, $\vec{A} = x^2 \hat{a}_x + (y - 2xy) \hat{a}_y + (x + pz) \hat{a}_z$ is solenoidal. [6]
- What is the method of image? Determine the location and magnitude of image charge due to a point charge placed near a conducting sphere which is earthed. [6]
- The finite sheet $0 \leq x \leq 1$, $0 \leq y \leq 1$ on the $z = 0$ plane has a charge density, $\rho_s = xy(x^2 + y^2 + 25)^{3/2} \text{ nc/m}^2$. Find,
 - Total charge on sheet.
 - The electric field at (0,0,5)
 - The force experienced by $-1mc$ charge located at (0,0,5)

OR

A spherical charge distribution is given by,

$$\rho = \rho_0 \left(1 - \frac{r^2}{a^2}\right) \quad r \leq a \text{ and } \rho = 0, r > a.$$

- a. Find the total amount of charge.
- b. Calculate the electric field inside and outside the charge distribution.

[6]

6. Given that $\vec{J} = \frac{5e^{-1} t}{\rho^2} \hat{a}_\rho \text{ A/m}^2$, at $t=0.1 \text{ ms}$, find;

- a. Current passing surface $r=2\text{m}$,
- b. The charge density ρ_v on the surface.

[6]

7. State and prove Faradays law of electromagnetic induction and derive its Differential form.

[6]

OR

Discuss different types of magnetic potential and derive expression for magnetic scalar potential.

8. A coil of 100 turns and 1 cm radius is kept coaxially within a long solenoid having 8 turns per cm and 5 cm radius. Calculate the mutual inductance.

OR

Two straight wires are kept in air 2m apart carrying currents 80 A and 30 A in the same direction. Calculate the force between them and specify its nature.

[6]

9. Discuss about electromagnetic field and derive the plane electromagnetic waves in free space.

[6]

10. Obtain the transmission line equations.

[6]

11. Write the importance of boundary conditions satisfy by Electric and magnetic fields in between two dielectrics? Discuss the dielectric-dielectric boundary condition for Electric field (\vec{E}).

OR

Define relaxation time? Show that, $\rho_v = \rho_{v_0} e^{-t/\tau}$, where symbol have usual meaning.

[6]

THE END