## Mid-West University

# **Examinations Management Office**

Final Examinations -2078

Bachelor level/ B.Sc/ 1<sup>st</sup> Semester Full Marks : 60 Time: 3hrs Pass Marks.: 30

### **Subject: Fundamental of Chemistry I (CHEM415/315)**

Candidates are required to give their answer in their own words as far as practicable. The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

## **Inorganic Chemistry**

#### **Very short Questions**

 $(5 \times 2 = 10)$ 

- 1) Define de-Broglie equation.
- 2) Write the quantum number of 3d electron and 17<sup>th</sup> electron of potassium atom.
- 3) Define nuclear fusion with suitable example.
- 4) What is solubility product?
- 5) What is electrolytic reduction?

OR

Discuss Mulliken scale of electronegativity.

#### Long questions

 $(2 \times 5 = 10)$ 

- 6) Define common ion effect. How does it help in group separation for the qualitative analysis of metal ion (explain in brief with suitable example)?
- 7) Derive Schrodinger wave equation. Write the shape of p-orbital.

OR

Write short notes on:

a. Radioactivity

b)Electron affinity

### **Organic Chemistry**

## **Very short Questions**

 $(5 \times 2 = 10)$ 

- 1) Differentiate between exothermic and endothermic reaction.
- 2) Sketch diagram of staggered and eclipsed ethane in Andiron formula.
- 3) Write the formula of Ethyl magnesium bromide .What happens when it reacts with ammonia (NH<sub>3</sub>)?
- 4) Show the two steps of Oxymercuration and Demercuration Reaction.
- 5) Which is more acidic- ethene or ethyne and Why?

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Calculate the % of expected isomers during monobromination of butane. The relative rates of substitution per 3<sup>0</sup>, 2<sup>0</sup>, 1<sup>0</sup> hydrogen are 1600:82:1.

Long questions  $(2\times5=10)$ 

6) What is  $E_1$  reaction? Explain its kinetic, mechanism and orientation.

What is halogenation? Explain the mechanism of halogenation of methane. (1+4=5)

OR

Identify the products of the following reactants.

(5)

i) 
$$(CH_3)_2 C=CH_2$$
  $\longrightarrow$   $(A)$ 

ii) 
$$CH_2 = CH_2$$
  $\longrightarrow$  (B)

iii) 
$$CH_3 CH = CH_2 \xrightarrow{Hg(OCOCH_3)}$$
 (C)  $\xrightarrow{NaBH_4}$  (D)

iv) CHB
$$r_3$$
 + Ag  $\wedge$  (E)

#### **Physical Chemistry**

#### **Very short Questions**

 $(5 \times 2 = 10)$ 

- 1) How errors are eliminated or minimize on chemical analysis?
- 2) Define the term an error. How they are classified?
- 3) Deduce Charles law from kinetic gas equation.
- 4) Calculate the root mean square velocity of CH<sub>4</sub> gas at NTP.
- 5) A rain drop is spherical in shape. Describe why it has a spherical shape.

OR

How the solids are classified on the basis of dominant bonds?

### Long questions

 $(2 \times 5 = 10)$ 

- 6) Derive the van der Waal equation for real gas. Starting from van der Waals equation, derive the value of critical volume and critical pressure.
- 7) Describe viscosity and co-efficient of viscosity. Describe the method for determining the viscosity of liquid by Ostwald's viscometer.

OR

What is meant by liquefaction of a gas? Explain Linde's method for liquefaction of gas.

#### THE END