## MID-WESTERN UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS MANAGEMENT OFFICE

## MAKE-UP EXAMINATION: 2018

## BACHELOR OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION (BBA)

SEMESTER - I

			R.No		
Subjection Full	ect: Principle of Management Marks: 100		Course Code: MGT 3 Time: 3:00 Hou		
	SECTION A: MULTIPLE CHOICE,Q	UESTIONS 41 × 15=	15 MARKS\/ (TIME: 15 MINUTES)		
Tick	the best answers.	The second second second			
Q1.	In management process, the most misinterpro	eted word is:	•		
	a) Organizing		Controlling		
	b) Delegating		Planning		
Q2.	The department(s) that an event management company will have is (are):				
	a) Creative		Client servicing		
	b) Production		All of the above		
Q3.		se organ that manages a	a business, manages a manager and manages		
	workers and work"?				
	a) Harold Konnntz	•	Kenneth O 'Donell		
~	b) Peter Drucker		Anonymous		
Q4.					
	a) Time Study		Method Study		
	b) Motion Study		All of the above		
Q5.	Management as a discipline is the function of				
	a) Science		Creativity		
	b) Art		All of the above		
Q6.	Delegation of Authority refers to the followi				
	a) Transfer of authority		Centralize the Authority		
	c) Reserve the authority at centre		All of the above		
Q7.	. The worddenotes a function, a task				
	a) Management		Motivation		
	b) Leadership	,	None of the above		
Q8	. The process of monitoring performance, con	nparing it with goals an	d correcting any significant deviations is know		
	as:	-1	Ladia		
	a) Planning	-	Leading		
00	b) Organizing		Controlling		
Qy	. What are the three interpersonal roles of man		Director coordinator asseminator		
!	<ul><li>a) Figurehead, leader and liaison</li><li>b) Spokesperson, leader, coordinator</li></ul>		Director, coordinator, disseminator Communicator, organizer, spokesperson		
Ω	0. Which one is not a recognized key skill of m		Communicator, organizer, spokesperson		
Ų	a) Conceptual skills	c)	Technical skills		
	b) Human skills	,	Writing skills		
ΟI	In what orders do managers typically perform				
٧ı	a) Organizing, planning, controlling, leading	•	Planning, organizing, leading, controlling		
	b) Organizing, leading, planning, controlling		Planning, organizing, controlling, leading		
012	2. At what level of an organization does a corp				
۷,	a) Functional	c)			
	b) Operational	d)			
01	3. Which of these is not recognized challenges		1 op 10 to 1		
ν.	a) Micro-managing the workforce	c)	Managing change		
	b) Managing communications		Managing the learning organization		
01	4. Which of the followings is the capacity to at	ffect the behaviors of ot	hers?		
	a) Leadership		Trait		
	b) Power		Aggression		
Q1	5. Who is a profounder of Bureaucracy theory				
•	a) F. W. Taylor		Henry Fayol		
	b) Max Weber		Abraham Maslow		
		000			

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Cubia	SEMESTER - I				
<u>Full N</u>	ct: Principle of Management  Marks: 100  Course Code: MG	Т 311			
You a	re required to answer in your own words as Garage III is the second of the contract of the con	Hours			
3	Time: 3:00   SECTION R: SHOPT ANSWER OUTSTROAM in the margin indicate full marks.				
Answe	er any EIGHT questions:				
Q1.	State and explain the major functions of management.				
Q2.	What are the building blocks of organizing? Explain.	5			
Q3.	Define planning. Discuss the steps involved in the planning process.	5			
Q4.	What do you mean by leadership? Explain the planning process.	2+3			
Q5.	What do you mean by leadership? Explain the traits of effective managerial leader.  Define organizational change. Explain the traits of effective managerial leader.	2+3			
Q6.	Define organizational change. Explain the reasons for resistance to change.  "Decision making is said to be the the reasons for resistance to change.	2+3			
	"Decision making is said to be the heart of management process". Explain the given statement with refe importance of decision making.	rence to the			
Q7.	The state of decision making,	5			
Q8.	What do you mean by organization? Describe the nature of it.	2+3			
Q9.	Discuss the acceptability of Herzberg's motivation hygiene theory in Nepali context.	5			
	What are the limitations of planning? Explain.	5			
QIO.	Define controlling. What are the steps of controlling?	2+3			
0	SECTION C: LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS (3 × 16 = 30 MARKS)	No.			
	ver any THREE questions:	CONTROL OF STATE STATE			
<b>Q</b> 11.	Explain the statement "management is an art of getting things done through others". Discuss the emerging challen	iges of			
	management.	545			
Q12.	Distinguish between leader and manager with examples. Explain the challenges of 21st century leadership in detail	515			
Q13.	Explain the 14 principles of administrative theory by Henry Fayol with its contributions and limitations.				
Q14.	Define planning. Discuss the various types of planning.	10			
Q15.	Explain the importance of Abraham Maslow's theory in identifying the needs category in the workforce.	2+8			
SU AT	SECTION D: CASE STUDY (15 MARKS)	10			
016.	Read a case given below and answer the following questions:				
<b>(10</b> )					
	The Makely Distillance is in a second of the Makely Distillance in the Makely Distillance is in a second of the Makely Distillance in the Makely Distillance is in a second of the Makely Distillance in the Makely Distillance is in a second of the Makely Distillance in the Makely Distillance is in a second of the Makely Distillance in the Makely Distillance is in the Makely Distillance in the Makely Distillance is in the Makely Distillance in the Makely Distillance is in the Makely Distillance in the Makely Distillance is in the Makely Distillance in the Makely Distillance is in the Makely Distillance in the Makely Distillance is in the Makely Distillance in the Makely Distillance is in the Makely Distillance in the Makely Distillance is in the Makely Distillance in the Makely Distillance is in the Makely Distillance in the Makely Distillance is in the Makely Distillance in the Makely Distillance is in the Makely Distillance in the Makely Distillance is in the Makely Distillance in the Makely Distillance in the Makely Distillance is in the Makely Distillance in the Makely Distillance is in the Makely Distillance in the M				
	The Makalu Distillery is in operation for the last three decades. It produces a single brand of whisky-Gold. T had very successful years until 1987-88. It operated two shifts a day due to increasing demand. Its market estimated to be around 31 percent.	he Distillery t share was			
	The sale of Gold whisky started declining after 1990. Many new competitors appeared in the market. A valiquor brands like wine, beer, gin, rum, brandy and vodka were introduced by the new companies. Some of the started selling whisky to cut-rate bottlers who mix it with inferior whiskies and sell it in pouches at reduced pri this bulk whisky now goes to rural and remote areas of Nepal. Farming communities in rural areas prefer whisky. Other distillers are developing new products and targeting new market segments. A major segment market was lost due to graving and blance are segments.	old distillers ces. A lot of this cheaper			
	sale of liquor in their territories.	banned the			
J	Very recently, a multinational company appeared in the market with its fine-quality whisky and dry-gin. The market is now flooded with a variety of whiskies and other liquors. The Makalu Distillery is no viz crisi. It has	14			
	its market. However, it continues to survive because a small segment of the market still prefers Gold whisky, years back, a consumer's survey was undertaken to identify the causes for decline in sales. The survey indica quality of Gold whisky is not as good as it used to be. The management of Makalu Distillery has recently s managers and waiters of hotels, restaurants, fast-food shops, resorts, and cabin and dance restaurants for their of the Gold whisky. The dealers and retailers were also interviewed. The following were the responses received survey:	About four sted that the urveyed the			
	Introduce a new brand of quality whisky (87%)				
	• Introduce other brands of liquor (82%)				
	• The whisky should be sold at lower prices (63%)				
	• Join the bottlers to produce a line of non-alcoholic mixtures also (59%)				
	• Look for long range development instant of a lock for long range development in the lock for long range development				
	• Look for long range development instead of short-term profits (54%)				
	• Introduce aggressive sales promotion schemes and newspaper advertisement (44%)				
	• Look for a distiller for joint venture or for alliance (411%)				
	Remember, these responses came from a cross-section of liquor dealers, retailers and consumers. How would you situation facing the Makalu Distillery?	assess the			
	Questions:				
	a) What are the basic problems faced by the Makalu Distillery? What are their causes?	2+3			
	b) For its short-term survival, what goals and objectives should it pursue?  Should the Distillary make a shift in its assurance of the property of the proper	5			
	c) Should the Distillery make a shift in its current goals?	5			